The Penumbra ACE<sup>™</sup> catheter is an efficient, safe, and cost-effective mechanical thrombectomy device for large vessel occlusions (LVO) in acute stroke

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### **Presenter Disclosure**

- Dr. Gabriel A. Vidal
  - ✓ Penumbra, Inc.
    - Consulting Relationship: Speakers bureau

### The Ultimate Thrombectomy Device?

- Opens artery quickly
- Removes thrombus intact and completely
- Safe and simple procedure
- Cost effective



# Need for Speed Final Multivariable Model Risk Ratios

	<b>Risk Ratio</b>	95% Cl	p-value
Time to Reperfusion (every 30 minutes)	0.90	0.82-0.99	0.02

Every 30 minute delay in reperfusion is associated with a 10% relative reduction in probability of good clinical outcome (mRS 0-2).



### Need for Quality Revascularization



### Revascularization Predicts Good Outcome For ICA, M1 Occlusion

	TICI=0	TICI=1	TICI=2a	TICI=2b	TICI=3	
	n= 32	n= 16	n= 67	n= 80	n= 5	
	3.1%	12.5%	19.4%	46.3%	80%	
% 90 Day mRS 0-2	6.3	3%		35.5%		p < .0001
13.9%		48.2%			p < .0001	

<sup>1</sup> Tomsick T. Comparison of outcome by IA approach and interpretation in light of comparative trials. Paper presented at: International Stroke Conference; February 6-8, 2013; Honolulu, HI, USA.

### Need to remove clot intact

### Significance of New Emboli? 90-day mRS Outcome by Presence of New Emboli (ICA, M1 Occlusion)

New Emboli	NI	mR	S ≤ 2	
(Core Lab)	IN	N	(%)	
No	172	52	30.23%	
Yes	28	5	17.86%	difference

<sup>1</sup> Tomsick T. Comparison of outcome by IA approach and interpretation in light of comparative trials. Paper presented at: International Stroke Conference; February 6-8, 2013; Honolulu, HI, USA.

### ACE<sup>™</sup> DESIGN

- ✓ 12 Transition Zones enable outstanding force transmission and exceptional kink resistance
- ✓ Advanced Polymer provides flexibility for superior tracking
- Nitinol Round Wire Reinforcement maintains lumen integrity



### **ADAPT technique**

#### ADAPT (2013)

A large caliber aspiration catheter that is advanced up to the thrombus. Direct aspiration is employed to engage and then remove the thrombus.

Spiotta AM, Chaudry MI, Hui FK, Turner RD, Kellogg RT, Turk AS. Evolution of thrombectomy approaches and devices for acute stroke: a technical review (published online ahead of print 2 January, 2014). J NeuroIntervent Surg. doi:10.1136/neurintsurg-2013-011022.



# **Ochsner Experience**

- 31 cases involving stroke patients who were treated with the recently introduced ACE as first-line therapy for LVO strokes from October 2013 to July 2014 (11 months) were collected
- Types of data recorded:
  - ✓ Age/Gender
  - ✓ Time last known normal
  - ✓ Time of patient arrival to OMC
  - Presentation and discharge NIHSS
  - ✓ Time of groin puncture
  - ✓ Study completion
  - ✓ TICI score before and after procedure
  - Procedural complications
  - ✓ Discharge mRS

### Methods

- Patient selection based on on CTA/Perfusion findings
- <u>Successful reperfusion</u> defined by TICI scores of 2b-3
- <u>Symptomatic hemorrhage (sICH)</u> defined as parenchymal hematoma type 2 associated with a worsening NIHSS of 4 points or more
- <u>Good functional outcome</u> measured as mRS 0-2 at discharge

### **Patient Characteristics**

Patients (N)	31
Age (years) [mean/(SD)]	66.3 ± 17.8
Baseline NIHSS [mean/(SD)]	19.4 ± 5.7
Avg LKN to arterial puncture	10 h 37 min
Target Vessel Location:	
MCA	77.4% (24/31)
ICA	19.4% (6/31)
Vertebrobasilar	3.2% (1/31)
Occlusion Location:	
Left	48.4% (15/31)
Right	48.4% (15/31)
Other	3.2% (1/31)

### Results

Post Procedure Revascularization	
TICI 2b/3	84% (26/31)
TICI 3	61% (19/31)
Arterial puncture to TICI 2b-3 reperfusion (min) [mean/(SD)]	40.0 ± 14.0 (N=26)
Adjunctive Use of Stent Retrievers (any revascularization outcome)	19% (6/31)

### Successful Revascularization by Approach



# Safety and Outcomes

Procedure related complications	
sICH	6.5% (2/31)
Extravasation	3.2% (1/31)
Mortality	6.5% (2/31)
mRS at discharge [mean/(SD)]	2.3 ± 1.8
mRS 0-2 at discharge	61.3% (19/31)

## **Tips for Saving Time**

### First few cases

- ✓ 5 Fr sheath
- Davis dx catheter
- ✓ Rosen/J-tip exchange length wire
- ✓ NeuronMax
- Faster technique
  - ✓ 8 Fr sheath
  - ✓ Neuron MAX<sup>™</sup>/Davis dx catheter construct
    - No need to exchange
    - Prompts equipment to be ready faster

# Example Case 1

- 60 yo female
- Presentation NIHSS = 24
- Puncture ~ 9 hours from LKN
- TICI 3 flow in 30 minutes
- Discharge NIHSS = 1  $\rightarrow$  home





## Example Case 2

- 75 yo female
- Presentation NIHSS = 30
- Puncture ~ 20 hours from LKN
- TICI 3 in 29 minutes
- Discharge NIHSS = 8  $\rightarrow$  rehab



### Need for Quality Revascularization

### Revascularization Predicts Good Outcome

	< TICI 2b	TICI 2B	TICI 3	
	n = 5	n = 7	n = 19	
% at discharge	20%	57%	74%	
mRS 0-2	20%	69%		<i>p</i> = 0.06



## **Cost Analysis**

- Cost of device as totaled for each case and compared with what the cost would be for an uncomplicated case using the Solitaire device
- Costs were calculated including only tools for thrombectomy and did not include:
  - ✓ Diagnostic catheters
  - ✓ Wires/microwires
  - ✓ Sheaths
  - ✓ Closure device
- Price estimates for comparison using device list prices were:
  - ✓ Cello (\$1100)
  - ✓ Marksman (\$1100)
  - ✓ Solitaire (\$7200)
  - Prowler or similar microcatheter (\$750)

### **Cost Analysis**



**ACE Aspiration Only** 

#### ACE and ALL Adjunctive Devices

(includes Stent Retrievers and smaller Reperfusion Catheters)

Stent Retriever Used Frontline

### Conclusion

 ACE<sup>™</sup> and ADAPT represent the latest thinking in achieving high revascularization of LVOs in a rapid and cost effective manner, leading to good outcomes and increased hospital revenue

### Ochsner Clinic Foundation New Orleans, Louisiana



- Comprehensive Stroke Center
- Received a 3.87 million grant from CMS Innovation Center develop a stroke management and QI system in Louisiana called "Stroke Central"

# Ochsner CerebroVascular Program

- Physicians
  - ✓ 4 Vascular neurologists
  - ✓ 5 Neurosurgeons
  - ✓ 5 Neurointensivists
  - ✓ 2 Interventional neuro-radiologists
    - Radiology
    - Neurology
- NeuroCritical Care Unit
  - ✓ 2009 6 beds
  - ✓ 2012 20 beds
  - ✓ 2014 34 beds
- Dedicated Neurosciences floor (Neuro trained nursing)
  - Primary vascular neurology service
  - ✓ NeuroSurgery
  - ✓ EMU

# CTA / CTP

- Toshiba Aquillion One 320-Slice CT Scanner in ER
  - ✓ Whole brain CTP, CTA from peak opacification
- Images available on TeraRecon + PACS
- Decision to intervene based on NCCT, CT perfusion, CTA collaterals, symptom mismatch to core
- Usually greater than >50% penumbra, less than 1/3 MCA territory core

### **Experience and results**

- Total tele-stroke consults
  - ✓ 2011 = 648
  - ✓ 2012 = 843
  - ✓ 2013 = 949
  - ✓ 2014 = 1132 → ~ 1400

#### IV tPA initiations

- ✓ 2011 = 68 tele-stroke
- ✓ 2012 = 125 tele-stroke (45 @ OMC)  $\rightarrow$  170 total by team
- ✓ 2013 = 168 tele-stroke (60 @ OMC)  $\rightarrow$  228 total by team
- ✓ 2014 = 162 tele-stroke
  - $\rightarrow$  194 projected
- Over 500 doses of IV tPA through tele-stroke!









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### The Ultimate Thrombectomy Device \*Case for 5MAX<sup>™</sup> ACE<sup>™</sup>

- Opens artery quickly
  - ✓ Yes... avg 40 minutes to TICI 2b-3 in 84% of attempts
- Removes thrombus intact and completely
  ✓ Yes... avg 40 minutes to TICI 2b-3 in 84% of attempts
- Safe and simple procedure
  - ✓ 6.5% rate of symptomatic hemorrhage
  - Easy quick setup
  - Great maneuverability (12 transition zones plus advance polymer)
- Cost effective
  - Possible saving of almost 50% when compared to stent-treiver construct











